## SAFETY DATA SHEET According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Revision: 4 Issue Date: August 2020 Supersedes: Rev 3 of February 2019 First Issue: May 2010 Section I: Product and Manufacturer Information Product Name: Ammonia, anhydrous Manufacturer: Nitrogen (2000) Unlimited

Pacific Avenue Extension Point Lisas Industrial Estate Point Lisas, Couva, Trinidad and Tobago, W.I Phone No: 868-679-4262 or 868-636-8825 Website: <u>www.caribbeannitrogen.co.tt</u>



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**Emergency Contact Information:** 

## **Proman Operations**

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Common Name: Ammonia, anhydrous

% Weight 99.5 – 100 CAS NO 7664-41-7 Formula: NH₃ Mol. Wt 17.03 g/mol Synonyms: Ammonia

anhydrous; Anhydrous ammonia

## Section II: Hazards Identification

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2	008	
Flammable gases (Category 2)	H221	
Gases under pressure (Compressed gas)	H280	
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3)	H331	
Skin Corrosion (Category 1B)	H314	
Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1)	H400	
Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1)	H410	

Uses: Industrial &

Agricultural

2.1 Classification of the substance or mi	xture
For the full text of the H-Statements me	·
Classification according to EU Directive	୬s 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC R10
T Toxic	R23
C Corrosive	R34
N Dangerous for the environment	R50
For the full text of the R-phrases mention	ned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2	2.2 Label elements										
	Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008										
	Pictogram										
	1										
	Signal word										
	Hazard statement(s)										
	H221	Flammable gas.									
	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may	er pressure: may explode if heated.								
	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye									
	H331 Toxic if inhaled.										
	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long	lasting effects.								
	Precautionary statemen	nt(s)									
	P210		s, sparks, open flames and other igr	nition sources. No smoking.							
	P261	Avoid breathing gas.									
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.									
	P280		clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/								
	P305 + P351 + P338		water for 15 minutes. Remove cont	act lenses, if present and							
	D240	easy to do. Continue rinsing.	TD or dector/shusisis-								
	P310	Immediately call a POISON CENT	ER of doctor/ physician.								
	Supplemental Hazard St	tatements: none									
-	Other hazards This substance/mixture (	contains no components considered	to be either persistent, bio-accumul	ative and toxic (PBT) or verv							
_	This substance/mixture of persistent and very bio-a	contains no components considered accumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.19		ative and toxic (PBT), or very							
Sect	This substance/mixture of persistent and very bio-a ion III: Composition/Inf			ative and toxic (PBT), or very							
Sect	This substance/mixture of persistent and very bio-a ion III: Composition/Inf	accumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.19		ative and toxic (PBT), or very							
Sect	This substance/mixture of persistent and very bio-a ion III: Composition/Inf Substances Formula :	accumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.19 formation on Ingredients		ative and toxic (PBT), or very							
Sect	This substance/mixture of persistent and very bio-a ion III: Composition/Inf	accumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.19 formation on Ingredients NH <sub>3</sub> 17.03 g/mol		ative and toxic (PBT), or very							
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Section IV: First Aid Measures			
Eyes:	Flush with water immediately for at least 15 minutes. Remove patient to uncontaminated area. In case of severe exposure, call physician promptly. Keep patient warm.		
Skin:	Flush with water immediately for at least 15 minutes. Remove patient to uncontaminated area. In case of severe exposure, call physician promptly. Keep patient warm. Do not administer salves or ointments to the affected area.		
Ingestion:	Call a physician promptly. If conscious, give a cup of water, but do not induce vomiting. Give neutralizing agents, such as citrus fruit juices or diluted vinegar.		
Inhalation:	Remove patient to an uncontaminated area. Prompt artificial respiration with 100% oxygen may be required.		
The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.			

Section V: Fire Figh	ting Measures			
Flash Point:		Not Applicable	Auto ignition Temperature:	651°C / 1204°F at 1 atm
Lower Explosive Limit:		16%	Upper Explosive Limit:	25%
Unusual Fire and Ex Hazards:	Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Presence of oil or other combustible materials will increase the fire hazard.			fire hazard.
Extinguishing Media: Stop flow of gas before extinguishing fire. All standard agents are acceptable. (Water dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, foam) Note: Ammonia has a strong attraction to wate quantities of heat may be generated.				
Special Firefighting and Equipment:	<b>pecial Firefighting Procedures</b> <b>nd Equipment:</b> Stop flow of gas before extinguishing fire. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed contain when containing gas and to protect persons effecting the shut-off. Wear full protective and self-contained breathing apparatus approved by NIOSH. Ammonia may be an e hazard in a confined space. Do not apply water directly to container with liquid as ammonia at -33.4°C (direct water will heat container), and more vapors will be released.			off. Wear full protective clothing Ammonia may be an explosion iner with liquid as ammonia boils
Section VI: Acciden	tal Release Mea	asures		
Large Spill:	Remain upwind of spill or leak. For liquid spill or gas leak, evacuate the area. Restrict access to the area until completion of cleanup. Eliminate ignition sources and provide ventilation. Responders must wear fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing with Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (Level-A Hazmat suits) before responding to the ammonia spill/leak. Stop the leak if possible without risk to personnel. Ensure buddy-buddy system is employed. A water fog or mist pattern shall be used to knock down vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Do not discharge this ammonia/water solution to municipal sewers, confined drains, or surface waters. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak.			ion. Responders must ng Apparatus (Level-A ossible without risk to ttern shall be used to onia/water solution to
Small Spill:	Remain upwind of spill or leak. In unknown concentrations SCBA must be worn. Keep ignition sources away. Small ammonia spills (less than one gallon) can be diluted with large volumes of water.			
Environmental Precautions:	Contain spill using response equipment and prevent from release to environment. If spill could potentially enter any waterway, including intermittent dry creeks, contact the local authorities.			
Methods material containment clean up:and for and to absorb ammonia vapor in air. Dispose of materials in accordance with local, regional, national and international hazardous waste regulations.Provide adequate ventilation and remove ignition sources. Contain spillage (inclusive of contaminated using appropriate spill response equipment such as universal pads, socks, pillows and booms. Use color to absorb ammonia vapor in air. Dispose of materials in accordance with local, regional, national and international hazardous waste regulations.			ows and booms. Use cold water	
Reference to other sections:	Leor appropriate disposal duidance, see Section XIII			
Section VII: Handlin				
	Vatural ventilatio nadequate.	n should be provided. Us	e mechanical (general) ventilation if natu	aral ventilation is found
Handling: A				fined in Section VIII. Also see

Storage:	Store in cool, well-ventilated, location, away from all possible sources of ignition, combustible material and contamination. Also see OSHA 29 CFR 1910.111. Protect containers from excessive heat (Greater than 120°F or 48.9°C). Use only approved pressure vessels with appropriate safety devices. Never fill pressure storage tanks over 85% of vessel volume. Do not contact liquid ammonia pools, or leaks from containers, with direct streams of water. Avoid copper or copper-containing alloys such as brass, for tanks, vessels, pipe, or valves. Use iron or steel tanks and piping, and valves especially designed for ammonia service. Equipment, Pressure Vessels, Testing, Etc.: All equipment used to handle, store, transfer or apply anhydrous ammonia must be properly engineered, constructed and maintained in compliance with all applicable regulations, standards and Recognized and Generally Accepted Good Engineering Practice [RAGAGEP]. Pressure vessels, piping and appurtenances should be regularly inspected and tested using methods designed to reveal external and internal deterioration or defects that may impair the integrity of the equipment such that an unintended release of anhydrous ammonia may result. Consult with the Local Authorities and other experts, as applicable, concerning the methods that would be most appropriate given the particular circumstances.
Specific End Use:	Refer to Section I for uses.

Section VIII: Expo	sure Co	ntrol/Personal	Protection		
Ammonia:		TWA 25ppm STEL 35ppm	NIOSH IDLH 300ppm	OSHA STEL 35ppm (27mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	OSHA TWA 50ppm (35mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Engineering Controls:		Use mechanical (general) or local exhaust ventilation if natural ventilation is found inadequate. If ventilation cannot reduce airborne concentrations below acceptable limits, appropriate PPE should be used.			
Eye and Face Protection:		Tight fitting unvented goggles with a face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.			
Protective Clothing:	handling	Level "A" Hazmat Suit – Full encapsulating suit with self-contained breathing apparatus should be utilized for handling large liquid spills or vapor clouds. Use impervious clothing and rubber gloves for small liquid spills and normal loading and unloading operations.			
Respiratory Protection:	relating breathir	to the exposure	e concentration. Use the	specific cartridge or canister	with an appropriate cartridge or canister r for Ammonia gas. Use a self- contained etermined. Supplied air respirators are DSH standards.
Gloves:		opropriate cher polyvinyl chlori		th material types butyl rubbe	r, neoprene, nitrile butadiene rubber
Environmental Exposure Controls:		further leakag avoided.	e or spillage if safe to do	o so. Do not let product enter	r drains. Discharge into the environment
Section IX: Physic	cal & Che	emical Proper	lies		
Physical State:		Gas		Vapour Density:	0.71 g/l @ 25ºC (77ºF)
Odour and Appea	rance:	Pungent, Irrit	tating; colourless	Evaporation Rate:	Not Available
Odour Threshold		0.7-5 ppm		Boiling Point:	-33.4°C (-28°F)
Specific Gravity:		0.68 @ -33.4	<sup>0</sup> C (-28.12 <sup>0</sup> F)	Freezing Point:	-77.7°C (-108°F)
Vapour Pressure	mmHg:	6612 @ 20ºC	; (68 <sup>0</sup> F)	Solubility in Water:	510 - 530 g/L @ 20ºC (68ºF)
Viscosity (Dynam		0.266 cP @ -	34ºC (-29.2ºF) (vapour)	Explosive Limit:	16-25 vol %
Explosive proper	ties	No data avail	able	Oxidizing properties	No data available
pH:		11.6 for 1% A	queous solution	% Volatile:	100 at 20ºC (68ºF)
		11.1 for 0.1 A	queous solution		
		10.6 for .01 A	queous solution		
Relative Density		0.682 at -33.3	35ºC (-28º F)		
Section X: Stabili	ty & Read	ctivity		·	
Reactivity:	heat ma	y be released a	as solution forms.		ve easily in water. Large amounts of
Stability:	This product is stable under normal conditions of temperature and pressure.				
Hazardous Polymerization:					

Conditions Avoid:	to	High temperatures and ignition sources.				
Materials Avoid (Incompatible)	to ):	acids. Also avoid: copper, tin, and zinc. Note: hazardous reactions have been documented for contact of anhydrous ammonia with: acetaldehyde, acrolein, boron, boron trioxide, bromine, chlorine, chlorites, chromium trioxide, ethylene oxide, fluoride, gold, hypochlorous acid, iodine, mercury, nitric acid nitrogen, tetroxide, nitrogen trichloride, nitrogen trichloride, potassium chlorate, potassium ferricyanide, silver, silver chloride. Liquefied gases in contact with water can explode violently.				
	HazardousNormal combustion of Ammonia in air yields Nitrogen and water (steam). Under certain conditions of temperaDecompositionand pressure some quantity of Hydrogen and Oxides of Nitrogen may also be formed.Products:and pressure some quantity of Hydrogen and Oxides of Nitrogen may also be formed.					
Section XI: To	xic	ological Information				
Significant Routes Exposure:	of	Skin or eye contact, lungs (breathing). Ingestion (swallowing) is unlikely.				
Toxicity Animals:	to	Acute Oral Toxicity:	No data available.			
		Acute Inhalation Toxicity:	(rat, mouse) LC50=4,230 – 19,960 mg/m3 total NH <sub>3</sub> /m <sup>3</sup> (1 hr)			
		Acute Toxicity: Other Routes:	(rat, mouse) LC50= 45.5 - 195.1 mg/total NH <sub>3</sub> /kg bw (1 hr intra venous)			
		Acute Dermal Toxicity:	No data available.			
		Repeated Dose Toxicity:	No mortality seen in rats, guinea pigs, rabbits, beagle dogs and monkeys in Inhalation studies at up to 770 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Acutely toxic by inhalation as defined by OSHA.			
		Eye & Skin Irritation/Corrosion:	Skin: Corrosive			
			Eye: Sub-acute and chronic exposure to 200-1,000 ppm produced eye damage. 100-200 ppm produced moderate to severe eye irritation.			
		Developmental         No data available.           Toxicity/Teratogenicity:         No data available.				
		Bacterial Genetic Toxicity In- Vitro: Gene Mutation:	Negative			
		Non-Bacterial Genetic Toxicity In-Vitro: Chromosomal Aberration:	Chick fibroblasts: Induce chromosomal clumping, polyploidy and arrested spindle formation. No data showing that ammonia is mutagenic in mammals.			
		Toxicity to Reproduction:	Temporarily Depressed Mean Daily Gain: (MDG) at 35 mg/kg in gilts			
		Carcinogenicity:	No carcinogenic effects.			
		Specific target organ toxicity	No data available.			
		(STOT) – single exposure Specific target organ toxicity	No data available.			
		(STOT) – repeated exposure Aspiration hazard				
Other Effec	te	•	No data available. concentrations of above 100 ppm or higher.			
on Humans:	.3					
Special Remarks c Chronic Effect on Humans:	on ts					
Other Effect	on ts	Exposure to liquid or high concentrations of gas is a severe irritant, and may cause burning and tearing of the eyes, runny nose, coughing, chest pains, and death. May cause severe delayed breathing difficulties. May cause temporary blindness and severe eye damage, and burning and blistering of the skin.				
on Humans:		100-200 ppm produces moderate	-			
		Human Experience: Inhalation; human volunteers: Nasal and pulmonary irritation at concentrations of 100ppm and higher.				

Section XII: Ecolo	ogical Information				
	Acute Toxicity to	Fish:	96-h: LC50=	0.09 – 3.51 mg un-ionized NH <sub>3</sub> /L	
	Chronic Toxicity to Fish:		Various 12 d	2 d-5 yrs: NOEC=0.025-1.2 mg un-ionized NH <sub>3</sub> /L.	
	Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates:		(Daphnia magna) 48 h LC50 = 2.94 mg un-ionized NH <sub>3</sub> -N/L. ASTM E 129-80A.		
	Chronic Toxicity t	o Aquatic Invertebrates:	(Daphnia ma mg un-ionize	gna & others) 21 d-76 weeks: NOEC = 0.163-0.42 d NH₃/L.	
Eco-toxicity:	Acute Toxicity to	Aquatic Plants:	vulgaris) 21	oms) Up to 25 days: LOEC = 0.5-1.0 mg N/L (Chlorella days: LOEC = 500 mg N/L. Slightly toxic to aquatic s defined by USEPA.	
	Toxicity to Soil D	velling Organisms:	No data avail	able.	
	Toxicity to Terres	trial Plants:	Varies (4 min	is -16 hrs): LOEC = 3-250 ppm	
	Toxicity to other N Terrestrial Specie		(G. domestio	us) 1 hr injections: LD50 = 2.72 mM	
	Stability in Water:		Ke=25.6-47.3 systems.	3 cm/h at 15.2-15.0 OC. Removed from aquatic	
Environmental Fate:	Stability in Soil:		Mean sorption; sand: 19% loam: 28% clay, clay loam, and silt loam: 38%. Monitoring Data: levels of ammonia in urban areas are on average about 20 $\Phi$ g/m <sup>3</sup> . Non-urban sites have average levels of 4-5 $\Phi$ g/m3. Areas close to point sources (e.g., large animal feedlots or industrial sites) may have local atmospheric concentrations exceeding 200 $\Phi$ g/m <sup>3</sup> .		
	Mobility in Soil:		No data available.		
	Biodegradation:		Inorganic. Ur	ndergoes photolytic degradation.	
Degradation Products:	Photodegradation	:	Aerobic. BOD created within days. Rapidly biodegraded. Bioaccumulation: Rapidly assimilated by animals and plants.		
Section XIII: Disp	osal Consideration	8			
			s subject to fed	leral, state and local regulations.	
Product Disposal:	Receiving waters n	nust not exceed established	l limitations for	ammonia or its salts.	
General Comments:	Users of this product should review their operations in terms of applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.			of applicable federal, state and local laws and	
	Sewage disposal recommendations: This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.				
Waste Treatment Methods:	Waste disposal recommendations: Place in an approved container and dispose of contamin licensed site.			tainer and dispose of contaminated materials at a	
Additional information: Dispose of waste material in accordance regulations.			ce with all local, regional, national and international		
Section XIV: Tran	sport Information				
		USDOT		TDG - Canada	
Proper Shipping	Name:	Ammonia, Anhydrous		Ammonia Anhydrous, Liquefied	
Hazard Class:		2.2		2.3 (8)	
Identification Nur		UN1005		UN1005	
Packing Group (1		Not Applicable		Not Applicable	
Labeling / Placare	-	Non-flammable Gas		Toxic Gas (Corrosive)	
Environmental Hazard		Ammonia is listed as an e and as a marine pollutant		hazardous substance by the UN Models ADR, RID	

	MARKING: AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS or AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS LIQUEFIED
Special	If Anhydrous Ammonia has less than 0.2% water by weight, it must be shipped in an NQT Cargo tank. All Anhydrous Ammonia is an Inhalation Hazard.
precautions for user:	USDOT: Inhalation Hazard (contains 0.2% water) – to follow Identification Number. (If metallurgical or refrigeration grade omit "contains 0.2 and for truck shipments must show "Not for Q and T Tanks")
	TDG-Canada: Inhalation Hazard (Corrosive gas) If product exceeds the CERCLA Reportable Quantity, the notation "RQ" shall be added before and after before the basic shipping description.

Section XV: Reg	ulatory Information				
	heet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1	907/2006. There is currently no data available with			
	regards to Regulatory Information for this product.				
Section XVI: Oth	er Information				
	Health: 3	Hazard Rating:			
	Health. 3	0 Insignificant			
NFPA Hazard	Flammability: 1	1 Slight			
Ratings:		2 Moderate			
	Instability: 0	3 High			
		4 Extreme			
Acute Tox. Aquatic Acute Aquatic Chronic C Flam. Gas H221 H280 H314 H331 H400 H410	ements referred to under sections 2 and 3. Acute toxicity Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity Flammable gases Flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
	ases referred to under sections 2 and 3				
N T	Dangerous for the environment Toxic				
' R10	Flammable.				
R23	Toxic by inhalation.				
R34	Causes burns.				
R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.				
LOEC NOEC IMDG	Lowest-observed-effect-concentration. No-observed-effect-concentration. International Maritime Dangerous Goods.				

## DISCLAIMER:

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